Office of Traffic Safety Grant Program Guidelines

Financial Requirements:

Payments under this grant agreement will be made from federal funds obtained by the State under the U. S. Department of Transportation's State and State and Community Highway Safety (CFDA) Number 20.600. The grantee is responsible for compliance with all federal requirements imposed on these funds and accepts full financial responsibility for any consequences imposed by the grantee's failure to comply with federal requirements.

Reimbursement of Funds

Only costs associated with approved activities on this project can be claimed for federal reimbursement. The grantee will report on all expenditures and program income pertaining to this grant agreement. Claims shall be supported by written documentation including receipts, invoices, and personnel time reports. All costs reimbursed with these federal funds must be actual costs to the billing agency. Federal grant funding cannot be used to supplant any personnel, programs, or activities currently funded by another source.

The State has an obligation to determine if fringe benefit costs to be reimbursed by this grant contract are reasonable. If requested, the grantee must furnish an explanation of the basis for such rates. Fringe benefits must be accounted for separately from salary costs on back-up documentation of invoices.

Expenditures for each state fiscal year of this grant contract must be for services performed within applicable state fiscal years. Every state fiscal year begins on July 1 and ends on June 30. NHTSA federally funded projects run on the federal fiscal year, beginning on October 1 and ending on September 30. The final claim for reimbursement for the project for costs incurred through June 30, 2022 (the first state fiscal year) must be received by July 31, 2022. The final claim for reimbursement for the project for costs incurred through September 30, 2022 must be received no later than October 25, 2022.

Reporting Requirement

Reporting requirements are those agreed upon terms in the Work Plan that was approved by OTS. All projects require a final report as described in the Work Plan that was approved by OTS.

Quarterly Invoices and Progress Reports are required to be submitted to the OTS on the following schedule (unless otherwise stated within grant documentation):

Monday, Jan. 24, 2022: All project activity between Oct. 1 and Dec. 31, 2021
Monday, April 18,2022: All project activity between Jan. 1 and March 31, 2022
Monday, July 18, 2022: All project activity between April 1 and June 30, 2022
Monday, Oct. 24, 2022: All project activity between July 1 and Sept. 30, 2022

Final Report Requirement

A final Report is due Oct 24, 2022, unless otherwise stated within grant documentation.

Match

Matching funds are not a requirement for the grant, however, expenses related to the project that are paid for with state, county, municipal and/or private funding clearly demonstrate a vested interest and real commitment to the project. Appropriate matching funds must be reported on the invoice and documentation for them included with the invoice.

Budget Revision

The grantee shall submit a written budget revision request and obtain written approval from the OTS Authorized Representative before any expenditure may be made based on a revised budget.

Record Retention

Under Minn. Stat. 16B.98, subd. 8, the grantee shall retain all financial records for a minimum of six years after the expiration of the grant agreement or until any audit findings and/or recommendations from prior audit(s) have been resolved between the grantee and DPS, whichever is later.

Program Income

Is any revenue/cash received for an activity funded by the grant or contract? Program income would include a fee for services (such as a registration fee for a conference or class in full or in part subsidized with federal funds) or fees from the sale of commodities or items made with grant funds. The grantee is responsible for tracking all program income with the same level of detail as federal funds and reporting earned income to OTS along with invoices. Program Income can be either deducted from the costs of the project to OTS or can be an addition to the project budget provided by OTS; which option must be specified and detailed in the budget and work plan. Income approved and specified in the work plan and budget to be used as an addition to the project can only be used for purchases that would be considered allowable expenses.

Resolutions:

A Resolution from a city council or county board is required from the applicant agency. This resolution authorizing the agency to apply for and accept the grant funding is needed before the project begins. Information and an example of a resolution can be found in the RFP. Deviations from the example (such as including a specific dollar amount or an individual's name rather than title, or changing the date) will likely cause delays in processing grants and may not be acceptable. The OTS is unable to enter into an agreement until the resolution has been passed and a copy has been received by the state's authorized representative.

Equipment:

Because of the strict timelines for final claims for reimbursement, it is usually not possible to order, receive and pay for equipment during the last quarter.

Any piece of equipment that costs more than \$5,000 (including taxes, shipping and installation), is subject to the Buy America Act. Whether the NHTSA funds are used for the entire purchase or any portion of the purchase, it must be approved in writing by the NHTSA before it is ordered. Contact the OTS authorized representative to request that approval.

Any equipment requested to be purchased, either entirely or partially with grant funding, must be used to support the traffic safety program and pre-approved in writing by the OTS. Further, it shall be used primarily for grant-related purposes during the life of the equipment. The grantee may not deviate from this requirement. The grantee shall be responsible for all operating, maintenance, and repair costs of equipment purchased under this grant contract unless otherwise specified. Title to equipment acquired under this grant contract shall vest upon the grantee. Grantee must obtain prior written approval from OTS of any plan to trade-in, sell, surplus, or otherwise dispose of any piece of equipment purchased in whole or in part through this agreement.

Training Requirements

The grantee shall attend meetings and training as required by the Office of Traffic Safety.

Travel

Travel costs must be planned on a separate line in the budget and discussed in the work plan. When approved, reimbursement for travel and subsistence expenses actually and necessarily incurred by the

Grantee as a result of this grant contract will be paid in the same manner and in no greater amount than provided in the current "Commissioner's Plan" promulgated by the commissioner of Employee Relations which is incorporated into this grant contract by reference. The authorized representative must approve all out of state travel in writing prior to travel.

Approval of Subcontracts

All sub-contracts must be reviewed and approved in writing by the OTS authorized representative before the sub-contracting process begins. The OTS Coordinator must be provided with a copy of the sub-contract.

Invoices from a sub-contract not approved by the OTS Coordinator may not be eligible for federal reimbursement.

Evaluation and Monitoring

OTS shall have the authority to evaluate and monitor the performance and financial records of the grantee.

Risk Assessment:

The federal government requires a pre-award risk assessment for all grant applications. The Office of Traffic Safety has a section within the E-grants application to provide the information needed from applying agencies, in order to complete the risk assessment.

Federal and State Provisions

This grant agreement is subject to all applicable federal and state statutes and regulations, including, but not limited to the following: 2 CFR 200 and 2 CFR 1201

Nondiscrimination

(applies to subrecipients as well as States)

	e highway safety agency will comply with all Federal statutes and implementing regulations relating
to nondis	scrimination ("Federal Nondiscrimination Authorities"). These include but are not limited to:
	Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000d et seq., 78 stat. 252), (prohibits
	discrimination on the basis of race, color, national origin) and 49 CFR part 21;
	The Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970, (42
	U.S.C. 4601), (prohibits unfair treatment of persons displaced or whose property has been acquired
	because of Federal or Federal-aid programs and projects);
	Federal-Aid Highway Act of 1973, (23 U.S.C. 324 et seq.), and Title IX of the Education
	Amendments of 1972 , as amended (20 U.S.C. 1681-1683 and 1685-1686) (prohibit
	discrimination on the basis of sex);
	Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, (29 U.S.C. 794 et seq.), asamended,
	(prohibits discrimination on the basis of disability) and 49 CFR part 27;
	The Age Discrimination Act of 1975, as amended, (42 U.S.C. 6101 et seq.), (prohibits
	discrimination on the basis of age);
	The Civil Rights Restoration Act of 1987, (Pub. L. 100-209), (broadens scope, coverage and
	applicability of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, The Age Discrimination Act of 1975 and
	Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, by expanding the definition of the terms "programs"
	or activities" to include all of the programs or activities of the Federal aid recipients, sub-recipients
	and contractors, whether such programs or activities are Federally- funded or not);
	Titles II and III of the Americans with Disabilities Act (42 U.S.C. 12131-12189) (prohibits
	discrimination on the basis of disability in the operation of public entities, public and private
	transportation systems, places of public accommodation, and certain testing) and 49 CFR parts 37
	and 38;
	Executive Order 12898, Federal Actions to Address Environmental Justice in Minority
	Populations and Low-Income Populations (prevents discrimination against minority
	populations by discouraging programs, policies, and activities with disproportionately high and
	adverse human health or environmental effects on minority and low- income populations); and
	Executive Order 13166, Improving Access to Services for Persons with Limited English
	Proficiency (guards against Title VI national origin discrimination/discrimination because of
	limited English proficiency (LEP) by ensuring that funding recipients take reasonable steps to
	ensure that LEP persons have meaningful access to programs (70 FR at 74087 to 74100).

The State highway safety agency:

- Will take all measures necessary to ensure that no person in the United States shall, on the ground of race, color, national origin, disability, sex, age, limited English proficiency, or membership in any other class protected by Federal Nondiscrimination Authorities, be excluded form participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be otherwise subjected to discrimination under any of its programs or activates, so long as any portion of the program is Federally-assisted;
- Will administer the program in a manner that reasonable ensures that any of its sub recipients, contractors, subcontractors, and consultants receiving Federal financial assistance under this program will comply with all requirements of the Non-Discrimination Authorities identified in the assurance:
- Agrees to comply (and require its sub recipients, contractors, subcontracts, a consultant to comply) with all applicable provisions of law or regulation governing US DOT's or NHTSA's access to records, accounts, documents, information, facilities, and staff, and to cooperate and comply with any program or compliance reviews, and /or complaint investigation conducted by US DOT or NHTSA under any Federal Nondiscrimination Authority;
- Acknowledges that the United States has a right to seek judicial enforcement with regard to any matter arising under these Non-Discrimination Authorities and this Assurance;

"During the performance of this contract/ funding agreement, the contractor / funding recipient agrees

- a) To comply with all Federal nondiscrimination laws and regulations, as may be amended from time to time;
- b) Not to participate directly or indirectly in the discrimination prohibited by any Federal nondiscrimination law or regulation, as set forth in appendix B of 49 CFR PART 21 herein;
- c) To permit access to its books, records, accounts, other sources of information, and its facilitates as required by the State highway safety office, US DOT or NHTSA;
- d) That, in event a contractor/funding recipient fails to comply with any nondiscrimination provisions in this contract/funding agreement, the State highway safety agency will have the right to impose such contact/agreement sanctions as it or NHTSA determine are appropriate, including but not limited to withholding payments to the contractor/funding recipient unmade the contract/agreement until the contractor/funding recipient complies; and/or cancelling, terminating, or suspending a contract or funding agreement in whole or in part; and
- e) To insert this, including paragraphs (a) through (e), in every subcontract and sub agreement and in every solicitation for a subcontract or sub-agreement, which receives Federal funds under this program.

Political activity (hatch act)

(applies to subrecipients as well as States)

The State will comply with provisions of the Hatch Act (5 U.S.C. 1501-1508), which limits the political activities of employees whose principal employment activities are funded in whole or in part with Federal funds.

Certification regarding federal lobbying

(applies to subrecipients as well as States)

Certification for Contracts, Grants, Loans, and Cooperative Agreements

The undersigned certifies, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, that:

1. No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the undersigned, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.

- 2 If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement, the undersigned shall complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying," in accordance with its instructions.
- 3. The undersigned shall require that the language of this certification be included in the award documents for all sub-award at all tiers (including subcontracts, subgrants, and contracts under grant, loans, and cooperative agreements) and that all subrecipients shall certify and disclose accordingly.

This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into. Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by section 1352, title 31, U.S. Code. Any person who fails to file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such failure.

Restriction on state lobbying

(applies to subrecipients as well as States)

None of the funds under this program will be used for any activity specifically designed to urge or influence a State or local legislator to favor or oppose the adoption of any specific legislative proposal pending before any State or local legislative body. Such activities include both direct and indirect (e.g., "grassroots") lobbying activities, with one exception. This does not preclude State official whose salary is supported with NHTSA funds from engaging in direct communications with State or local legislative officials, in accordance with customary State practice, even if such communications urge legislative officials to favor or oppose the adoption of a specific pending legislative proposal.

<u>Certification regarding debarment and suspension</u> (applies to subrecipients as well as States)

<u>Instructions for Primary Certification (States)</u>

- 1. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective primary participant is providing the certification set out below and agrees to comply with the requirements of 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1300.
- 2. The inability of a person to provide the certification required below will not necessarily result in denial of participation in this covered transaction. The prospective participant shall submit an explanation of why it cannot provide the certification set out below. The certification or explanation will be considered in connection with the department or agency's determination whether to enter into this transaction. However, failure of the prospective primary participant to furnish a certification or an explanation shall Disqualify such person from participation in this transaction.
- 3. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when the department or agency determined to enter into this transaction. If it is later determined that the prospective primary participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency may terminate this transaction for cause or default or may pursue suspension or debarment.
- 4. The prospective primary participant shall provide immediate written notice to the department or agency to which this proposal is submitted if at any time the prospective primary participant learns its certification was erroneous when submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.

- 5. The terms *covered transaction civil judgement, debarment, suspension, ineligible, lower tier, participant, person, primary tier, principal, and voluntarily excluded,* as used in this clause, are defined in 2 CFR parts 180 and 1200. You may contact the department or agency to which this proposal is being submitted for assistance in obtaining a copy of those regulations.
- 6. The prospective primary participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is proposed for debarment under 48 CFR part 9, subpart 9.4, debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by NHTSA.
- 7. The prospective primary participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include the clause titled "Instructions for Lower Tier Certification" including the "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion—Lower Tier Covered Transaction," provided by the department or agency entering into this covered transaction, without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions and will require lower tier participants to comply with 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1300.
- 8. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that it is not proposed for debarment under 48 CFR part 9, subpart 9.4, debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant is responsible for ensuring that its principals are not suspended, debarred, or otherwise ineligible to participate in covered transactions. To verify the eligibility of its principals, as well as the eligibility of any prospective lower tier participants, each participant may, but it's not required, to check the System of award Management Exclusion website (https://www.sma.gov/)may decide the method and frequency by which it determines the eligibility of its principals. Each participant may, but is not required to, check the list of Parties Excluded from Federal Procurement and
- 9. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of a participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.
- 10. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph 6 of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is proposed for debarment under 48 CFR part 9, subpart 9.4, suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, the department or agency may disallow costs, annul or terminate the transaction, issue a stop work order, debar or suspend you, or take other remedies as appropriate.

<u>Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, and Other Responsibility Matters-Primary Covered Transactions</u>

The prospective primary participant certifies to the best of its knowledge and belief, that its principals:

- a. Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded by any Federal department or agency;
- b. Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of record, making false statements, or receiving stolen property;

- c. Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Federal, State or Local) with commission of any of the offenses enumerated in paragraph (1)(b) of this certification; and
- d. Have not within a three-year period preceding this application/proposal had one or more public transactions (Federal, State, or local) terminated for cause or default.
- 2. Where the prospective primary participant is unable to certify to any of the Statements in this certification, such prospective participant shall attach an explanation to this proposal.

Instructions for Lower Tier Certification

- 1. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective lower tier participant is providing the certification set out below and agrees to comply with the requirements of 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200.
- 2. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was entered into. If it is later determined that the prospective lower tier participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal government, the department or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.
- 3. The prospective lower tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the person to which this proposal is submitted if at any time the prospective lower tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous when submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.
- 4. The terms *covered transaction, debarment, suspension, ineligible, lower tier, participant, person, primary tier, principal, and voluntarily excluded,* as used in this clause, are defined in 2 CFR Part 180 and 1200. You may contact the person to whom this proposal is submitted for assistance in obtaining a copy of those regulations.
- 5. The prospective lower tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is proposed for debarment under 48 CFR part 9, subpart 9.4, debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by NHTSA.
- 6. The prospective lower tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include the clause titled "Instructions for Lower Tier Certification" including the "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion Lower Tier Covered Transaction," without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions and will require lower tier participants to comply with 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200.
- 7. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that it is not proposed for debarment under 48 CFR part 9, subpart 9.4, debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant is responsible for ensuring that its principals are not suspended, debarred, or otherwise ineligible to participate in covered transactions. To verify the eligibility of its principals as well as the eligibility of any prospective lower tier participants, each participant may, but is not required, to check the System of Award Management Exclusions website (https://www.sam.gov)
- 8. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of a participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.

9. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph 5 of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is proposed for debarment under 48 CFR part 9, subpart 9.4, suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal government, the department or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and debarment.

<u>Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion --Lower Tier</u> Covered Transactions:

- 1. The prospective lower tier participant certifies, by submission of this proposal, that neither it nor its principals is presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction by any Federal department or agency.
- 2. Where the prospective lower tier participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant shall attach an explanation to this proposal.

Buy America Act

(applies to subrecipients as well as States)

The State and each subrecipient will comply with the Buy America requirement (23 U.S.C. 313) when purchasing items using Federal funds. Buy America requires a State, or subrecipient, to purchase only steel, iron and manufactured products produced in the United States with Federal funds, unless the Secretary of Transportation determines that such domestically produced items would be inconsistent with the public interest, that such materials are not reasonably available and of a satisfactory quality, or that inclusion of domestic materials will increase the cost of the overall project contract by more than 25 percent. In order to use Federal funds to purchase foreign produced items, the State must submit a waiver request that provides an adequate basis and justification for approval by the Secretary of Transportation.

Prohibition on using grant funds to check for helmet usage

(applies to subrecipients as well as States)

The State and each subrecipient will not use 23 U.S.C. Chapter 4 grant funds for programs to check helmet usage or to create checkpoints that specifically target motorcyclists.

Policy on seat belt use

In accordance with Executive Order 13043, Increasing Seat Belt Use in the United States, dated April 16, 1997, the Grantee is encouraged to adopt and enforce on-the-job seat belt use policies and programs for its employees when operating company-owned, rented, or personally-owned vehicles. The National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA) is responsible for providing leadership and guidance in support of this Presidential initiative. For information on how to implement such a program, or statistics on the potential benefits and cost-savings to your company or organization, please visit the Buckle Up America section on NHTSA's website at www.nhtsa.dot.gov. Additional resources are available from the Network Employers for Traffic Safety (NETS), a public-private partnership headquartered in the Washington, D.C. metropolitan area, and dedicated to improving the traffic safety practices of employers and employees. NETS is prepared to provide technical assistance, a simple, user-friendly program kit, and an award for achieving the President's goal of 90 percent seat belt use. NETS can be contacted at 1 (888) 221-0045 or visit its website at www.trafficsafety.org.

Policy on banning text messaging while driving

In accordance with Executive Order 13513, Federal Leadership On Reducing Text Messaging While Driving, and DOT Order 3902.10, Text Messaging While Driving, States are encouraged to adopt and enforce workplace safety policies to decrease crashed caused by distracted driving, including policies to ban text messaging while driving company-owned or -rented vehicles, Government-owned, leased or rented vehicles, or privately-owned when on official Government business or when performing any work on or behalf of the Government. States are also encouraged to conduct workplace safety initiatives in a manner commensurate with the size of the business, such as establishment of new rules and programs or reevaluation of existing programs to prohibit text messaging while driving, and education, awareness, and other outreach to employees about the safety risks associated with texting while driving.

Policy on vehicular pursuits

If Grantee is a law enforcement agency, the Grantee certifies that the Grantee has in place or is currently working on a policy for vehicular pursuits taking into account the model guidelines issued by the International Association of Chiefs of Police.